## D•Running Median

For this problem, you will write a program that reads in a sequence of 32-bit signed integers. After each odd-indexed value is read, output the median (middle value) of the elements received so far.

## Input

The first line of input contains a single integer $\boldsymbol{P},(1 \leq \boldsymbol{P} \leq 1000)$, which is the number of data sets that follow. The first line of each data set contains the data set number, followed by a space, followed by an odd decimal integer $\boldsymbol{M}$, ( $1 \leq \boldsymbol{M} \leq 9999$ ), giving the total number of signed integers to be processed. The remaining line(s) in the dataset consists of the values, 10 per line, separated by a single space. The last line in the dataset may contain less than 10 values.

## Output

For each data set the first line of output contains the data set number, a single space and the number of medians output (which should be one-half the number of input values plus one). The output medians will be on the following lines, 10 per line separated by a single space. The last line may have less than 10 elements, but at least 1 element. There should be no blank lines in the output.

| Sample Input | Sample Output |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 15 |
| 19 | 12345 |
| 123456789 | 25 |
| 29 | 98765 |
| 9876654321 | 312 |
| 323 | $\begin{array}{llllllllll}23 & 23 & 22 & 22 & 13 & 3 & 5 & 5 & -3\end{array}$ |
|  | -7-3 |
| $\begin{array}{lllllllll} 3 & 5 & 103 & 211 & -311 & -45 & -67 & -73 & -81 \\ -33 & 24 & 56 \end{array}$ |  |

